

Reagan May Support Medicare Expansion

By Robert Pear
New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan is expected to support a health insurance program for catastrophic illness that would expand Medicare coverage of elderly people, administration officials said. The decision would end more than two months of debate that produced an impasse within the administration.

The program for catastrophic illness would be similar to one proposed in November by the secretary of health and human services, Dr. Otis R. Bowen, the officials said Monday.

Under the plan, an elderly person would pay \$492 a month in Medicare premiums on top of the \$17.90 a month now charged. In return, Medicare would cover an unlimited number of days of hospital care, and the beneficiary's out-of-pocket payments for Medicare-covered services would be limited to \$2,000 a year. Under current law, there is no such limit.

Dr. Bowen said most of the 31 million Medicare beneficiaries would sign up for the additional coverage offered under his plan. If annual premiums paid the \$59 annual premium, the government could collect nearly \$1.8 billion a year. Government actuaries believe that would be enough to cover the cost of new benefits.

Representative Willis D. Gradison Jr. of Ohio, the ranking Republican on the House Ways and Means subcommittee on health, signaled the president's decision in a memorandum to other Republicans in Congress after a White House meeting last week.

"The administration has agreed to support a plan very similar to the original Bowen plan," Mr. Gradison wrote, and he said the White House would submit a detailed legislative proposal later this month.

White House officials said Mr. Reagan had not made a final decision on the options submitted to him over the weekend, but they predicted that Mr. Gradison's account would be proved correct.

With a presidential decision imminent, opponents of the plan are mobilizing a last effort to persuade Mr. Reagan to reject it.

Conservatives in and out of the government have argued strenuously against the plan, contending that the Medicare program should not be expanded at the expense of the health insurance industry.

Beryl W. Sprinkel, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, has been one of the leading critics of the Bowen plan, saying it would increase U.S. spending and replace a competitive private insurance market with a government monopoly.

Late last week, however, Mr. Sprinkel withdrew his proposal to give people vouchers, or coupons, with which they could buy private insurance for catastrophic illness, administration officials said, because congressional hearings at the end of last month made clear that the voucher proposal would not be taken seriously on Capitol Hill.

In addition to Mr. Sprinkel, critics of the Bowen plan include James C. Miller 3d, director of the Office of Management and Budget; Attorney General Edwin Meese 3d and Charles D. Hobbs, assistant to the president for policy development.

But administration officials said they expected Mr. Reagan to support a proposal like the Bowen plan for several reasons. He has been told by Republican members of Congress that it would be futile for him to oppose it. He does not want

a battle over the issue with Congress, and within the administration, opponents of the Bowen plan have not come up with a comprehensive alternative.

Abortion Funds Opposed
Steven V. Roberts of The New York Times reported earlier from Washington.

Mr. Reagan has endorsed a new legislative proposal for a permanent ban on all U.S. assistance for abortions, according to congressional and administration sources. The draft legislation, which the president approved late last month, would also bar any group from receiving federal funds if it performed abortions or counseled clients about such services. A third provision, which would have no legal effect, would declare that the 1973 Supreme Court decision legalizing abortion was "wrongly decided."

The proposal represents a last-ditch attempt by the administration to enact its anti-abortion stance into law in its final two years. It is also seen as a political payoff to opponents of abortion who have criticized the administration for not pursuing their cause more vigorously.

For six years, the administration has been almost entirely unsuccessful in carrying out its agenda on conservative social issues. As one White House official acknowledged, this legislation faces "very tough" opposition on Capitol Hill and is unlikely to become law.

AMERICAN TOPICS

The Thing to Wear In Texas: Seat Belts

When the Texas legislature ordered the wearing of seat belts in cars, "people hereabouts had a good laugh," Robert Reinhold reports from Houston for The New York Times. "That, they said, would work about as well as the one setting the speed limit at 55 miles an hour."

But to general astonishment, Texas leads the United States in compliance with seat belt laws. Studies show that more than seven of every 10 drivers are buckling up in Houston, Dallas and Austin, as against about one in four in New York and Chicago and one in two in San Francisco and Los Angeles. Twenty-four of the 50 states have seat belt laws.

"How," asks Mr. Reinhold, "could this happen in Texas, land of the free, of wide-open spaces, a place where few politicians would dare to repeal such rights of Texans as drinking while driving and driving the pickup truck on the beach?"

The answer, says a spokesman for the Texas Safety Association: a strong law, vigorous enforcement and heavy publicity. Violators risk fines of \$25 to \$50, and state troopers have been writing about 7,000 tickets a month.

"No one expected Texas to be a model state," says a spokesman

for the Insurance Institute in Washington. "The nice thing is that if it can happen in Texas, it can happen in any state."

Short Takes

Clairborne Pell, the Rhode Island Democrat who is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, says he is confident that he can get along with Jesse Helms of North Carolina, who unexpectedly defeated the former chairman, Richard G. Lugar of Indiana, to become the ranking Republican on the committee. The New York Times notes that Mr. Lugar was viewed as a moderate who sought compromise on the committee, while Mr. Helms is a strong conservative voice. "Senator Helms and I share a respect for the institution of the Senate, the rules of the Senate," Mr. Pell said, "and I would think we can agreeably agree to disagree."

A device that acts as speedometer and odometer for bikers has been patented by John F. Cameron, a heating engineer who works in California's Silicon Valley. His Ski-Dometer, a palm-size plastic device, sits on the tail of a ski. A wheel an inch (2.5 centimeters) in diameter hangs off the tail and turns as it drags through the



G. Gordon Liddy playing a crooked CIA agent in the "Miami Vice" series.

snow. Battery-powered and using a microprocessor, the device records top speed, average speed, distance and elapsed time. Price: \$59.95, from Cameron Designs,

543 Howard Street, San Francisco, California 94105, U.S.A.

In a 1909 letter opposing the idea that immigrants be required to learn English, Terrence Vincent Powderly wrote that as mayor of Scranton, Pennsylvania, in 1882, he helped find a job for a young Italian stonecutter who "couldn't speak a word of English." He wrote: "In 1898, as Commissioner General of Immigration, I passed upon the contracts for the erection of the Ellis Island Immigrant Station. The contract for the stone work in the foundation of the building was let to Frank Carlucci, the Italian immigrant boy of 1882. Just take another trip to Ellis Island and note how well the work was done." Mr. Carlucci was the grandfather of Frank C. Carlucci, President Ronald Reagan's new national security adviser.

Shorter Takes: G. Gordon Liddy, 55, who spent 52 months in prison for his part in the Watergate break-in, says, "I like short introductions because for years mine was 'Will the defendant please rise.'" • Tom Shales, television critic for The Washington Post, wrote that two actors in a drama, "The Two Mrs. Grenvilles," are "such lightweight, it's hard to believe they'd leave footprints on a beach."

—ARTHUR HIGGEE

Liberace AIDS Confirmed

Los Angeles Times Service
INDIO, California — The pianist Liberace died of pneumonia "due to or as a consequence" of AIDS, according to the Riverside County coroner.

Reporting the results of an autopsy on the 67-year-old entertainer, who died Feb. 4, the coroner, Raymond Carrillo, said Monday that Liberace also had pulmonary heart disease and calcification of a heart valve, which may have contributed to his death but was not the immediate cause.

The cause cited by the coroner, cytomegalovirus pneumonia, is an "opportunistic infection" that is a frequent cause of

death in patients with acquired immune deficiency syndrome. Liberace's physician, Dr. Ronald Daniels, gave as the cause of death heart failure brought on by subacute encephalopathy, or degenerative brain disease. Riverside County officials refused to accept the death certificate because Mr. Carrillo had not been contacted as required in the case of a possible contagious disease.

Asked whether he felt attempts had been made to mislead officials, Mr. Carrillo said: "I firmly believe that somebody along the line wanted to pull a fast one on us. They probably pulled something they thought they could get away with."

3 Charged With Murder In Racial Attack in N.Y.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
NEW YORK — Three teenagers were charged Tuesday with murder in a racial attack in which a white mob beat three black men and chased one of them onto a highway, where he was killed by a

car. Nine other youths were charged with lesser crimes. The suspects, age 16 to 18, surrendered Tuesday morning to the police in the New York City borough of Queens, where the attack took place Dec. 20. All 12 defendants pleaded not guilty.

Those charged with murder were Jon Lester, Scott Kern and Robert Riley, all 17 years old. Mr. Riley was described by Charles J. Hynes, the special prosecutor in the case, as the only defendant who cooperated in the investigation.

The other charges against the teen-agers included attempted murder, manslaughter, assault, rioting, inciting to riot, conspiracy and criminal facilitation.

The indictments were sought by Mr. Hynes, who took over the investigation from the Queens district attorney, John J. Santucci. The two surviving victims of the attack had refused to cooperate with Mr. Santucci, resulting in the dismissal of earlier charges of murder, manslaughter and assault against three white youths.

Widely viewed as the racial incident that has most deeply shaken New York City in recent years, the attack took place on the night of Dec. 19.

Although some details have varied, the basic outline of the incident has remained consistent: A group of white youths, hearing that three blacks were in their community, chased them with a baseball bat and a tree limb, and beat them

(AP, NYT)

Bing, New Wife Found in Anguilla

The Associated Press
NEW YORK — The former head of the Metropolitan Opera, Sir Rudolf Bing, and his new wife, out of sight since he was ruled incompetent to handle his affairs, are living in a bungalow on the Caribbean island of Anguilla.

Joseph Norris Payne, Anguilla's police commissioner and chief immigration officer, said he visited the couple for a few minutes Monday afternoon at the house they are renting near the beach. Sir Rudolf "appears to be in health; he appears to be O.K.," Mr. Payne said.

Sir Rudolf, 85, and Carroll Douglas, 47, were married Jan. 9 in Arlington, Virginia. They had not been seen since Jan. 12 after they left a New York state court hearing on Sir Rudolf's competency, in which the court found that he has Alzheimer's disease. The court named a conservator to protect Sir Rudolf's \$900,000 estate, froze his bank accounts and ordered Mr. Douglas to make her husband available to doctors and lawyers.

Managua, Pro-U.S. Side Squabble at EC Meeting

Reuters
GUATEMALA CITY — A conference of European Community and Central American nations entered its second and final day on Tuesday following diplomatic squabbling that marred efforts to discuss progress on regional peace and economic needs.

On Monday, Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans of Belgium, whose country now holds the EC presidency, urged frank discussions by Honduras, Guatemala, Nicaragua, El Salvador and Costa Rica.

Without the political will to reach a settlement in the region, he said, no amount of economic aid will help.

Squabbling between Nicaragua and its pro-U.S. neighbors has marred the conference. At the opening ceremony, Nicaragua objected to El Salvador's speaking on behalf of Central America.

To avoid a scene, Foreign Minister Ricardo Acevedo Peralta of El Salvador stayed away from the ceremony but he later denounced

what he called Nicaragua's "propaganda game." The incident "shows once again that the real lack of political will for peace lies with" Nicaragua, he said at a news conference.

European delegates, meanwhile, were privately questioning the point of the EC initiative, begun in 1984 in San José, Costa Rica.

"There's no reason in us coming over here to show solidarity if the Central American countries themselves can't work out their differences," said a senior European envoy. "I've never been to a meeting that had so little substance."

Since 1983, the so-called Contadora group, Mexico, Venezuela, Panama and Colombia, has tried to reach a negotiated solution to the tension and civil wars in Central America.

Delegates at the two-day EC meeting said the EC was likely to include in its final statement an expression of support for the Contadora group, whose foreign ministers are taking part in the meeting.

Wave of Strikes Is Planned in Greece

Reuters
ATHENS — The Socialist government of Prime Minister Andreas Papandreu, hating to maintain an unpopular wage policy, faces a week of strikes throughout Greece beginning on Thursday.

The stoppages have been called by trade unions that brought Greece to a standstill last month with a 24-hour general strike to protest government austerity measures.

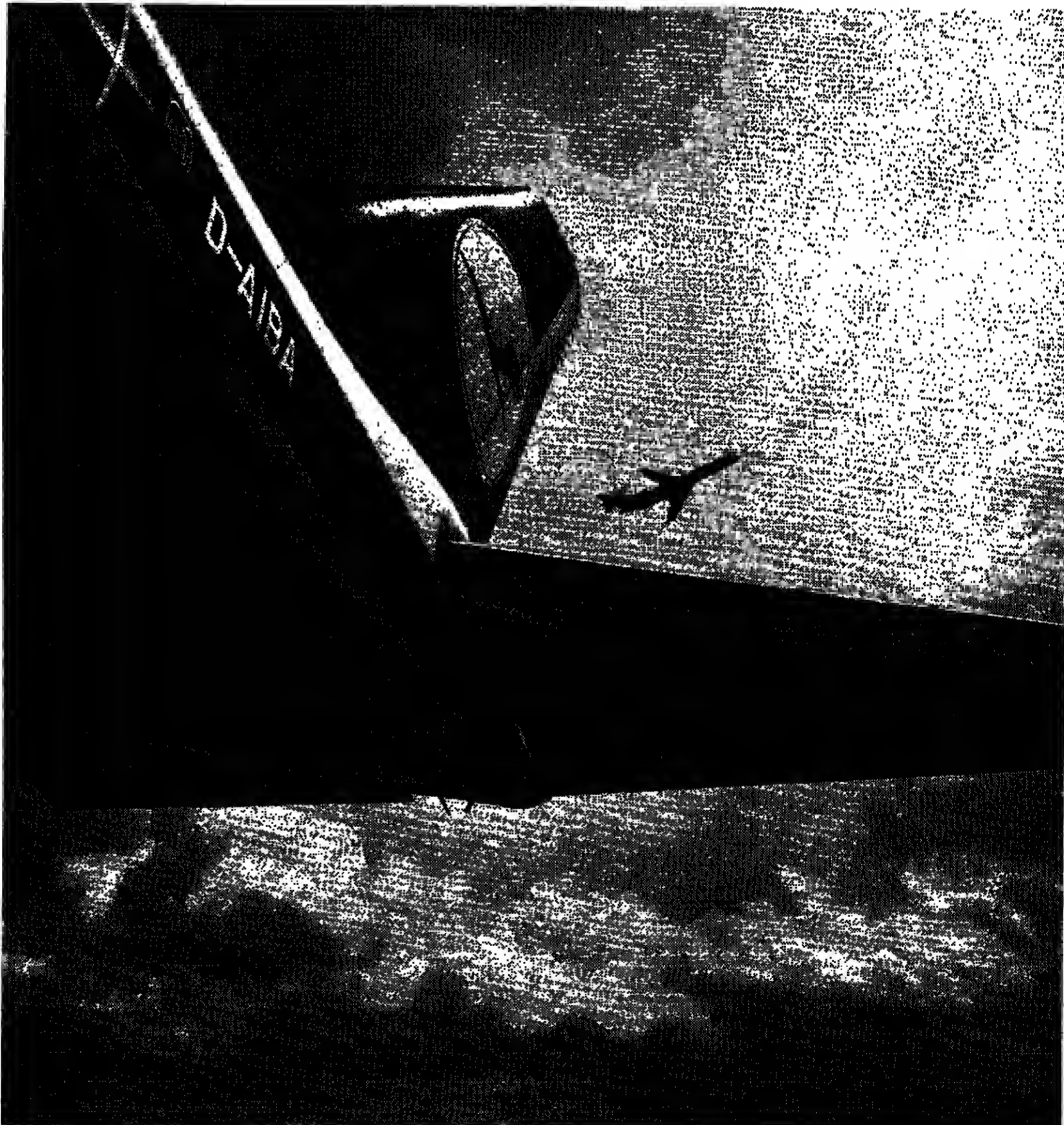
The workers are demanding increases in wages, which have frozen since the government's two-

year austerity program was introduced in October 1985.

Constantine Mitsotakis, the opposition leader, said that the industrial action could force Mr. Papandreu to call early general elections. But Mr. Papandreu, who shuffled his governmental Thursday for the 12th time since coming to office in 1981, has vowed his administration will run its full course until 1989.

The new series of stoppages is to begin with a 24-hour nationwide strike by workers in the private sector. Bank clerks will also stage a weeklong strike. Trade unions plan to hold a rally Thursday.

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The Radiance Of Rhoda Scott

By Mike Zwerin
International Herald Tribune
PARIS — Rhoda Scott began to play the organ in Dorothy, New Jersey, at the age of seven because her father was an Episcopal minister and there was always one in his church. She memorized the hymn book and did "some terrible things to poor Bach" while learning to read music by what she calls "spontaneous revelation."

Now "48 and a half," her easy smile, youthfully close-cropped hair and contagious enthusiasm belie chronological age. On stage she radiates the joy of someone who plays rather than works music. She plays jazz, pop, classical and gospel on the organ with equal joie de vivre. After living in France for 19 years, continuing a line that has included Bricktop, Hazel Scott (no relation) and Josephine Baker, Scott has become an "Afro-Américaine de Paris" par excellence.

Her academic credentials include a master's degree from the Manhattan School of Music, where she eventually joined the faculty, a diploma from the Kodaly School in Asztergom, Hungary, and the Alliance Française Diplôme Supérieur d'Etudes Françaises Modernes. She has performed at the Newport and Antibes jazz festivals, the Salle Pleyel and the Olympia Théâtre in Paris, and Count Basie's Lounge in Harlem, while working with Tiny Grimes, Eric Dolphy, Herbert Von Karajan (in his choir, singing Beethoven's Ninth at Carnegie Hall), Thad Jones and Toots Thielemans. Arthur Rubenstein told a Radio Luxembourg interviewer many years ago that he considered Rhoda Scott to be a "very great virtuoso."

Some members of her father's congregation, whom she accompanied on Sundays, asked her to join their pop group. She started on piano but because she preferred the organ, the group bought her one. At age 18 she was working her way through Westminster Choir College in Princeton with weekends around South Jersey and Philadelphia with "the guys."

They played Ray Charles and Arthur Fysock songs and she began to learn her current repertoire of more than 1,000 standards. She also began to appreciate the unique sound of the electric Hammond organ and developed an astonishing foot technique to provide her own bass line (barefoot) on the pedal-board. The Hammond's two keyboards and large assortment of hand stops provide such a cornucopia of textural and rhythmic possibilities that by adding only a drummer she could work as a band.

But she was still "going to church regularly" and wasn't happy about the prospect of being a "female entertainer" in a long series of cocktail lounges leading to Las Vegas. After studying composition with Nadia Boulanger in Fontainebleau in 1967, she vowed to come back to France, where "musician" was not a pejorative term. The French recording magnate Eddie Barclay and his sidekick Raoul Saint-Yves heard her in New York and invited her to play at the Bilboquet in St. Germain-des-Près, a club managed by Saint-Yves. They married in 1969 and he became her manager, because, she said, "We didn't want to have that kind of relationship where one person was



Rhoda Scott in performance.

on planes and in hotels all the time and the other was stuck at home." They now live in a small town near Chartres with two Haitian children they adopted as babies. "I'm a fair singer," she said about what most people consider to be her excellent trained voice. "I only sing three or four songs a night and maybe more would open some career possibilities but when people ask me, 'Why don't you sing more?' I figure I've struck a happy medium. Otherwise they might say, 'she plays the organ okay but why does she sing so much?'" Rhoda Scott's public auto-criti-

cism sounds more like a prayer than a confession. "I have a tendency to speed up. When I coordinate two hands on two keyboards, the syncopation does not always stay where it ought to be. Then my foot tries to catch up on the pedals. This can be very hard on a drummer because he's outnumbered. Drummers tell me they have this problem with organists in general. It's like the bass player and pianist both speeding up together. Sometimes I get carried away by enthusiasm or le trac — sorry, stagefright. I tell drummers, 'Hold me back hold me back!'"

One-Man Shows Light West End

By Robert Cushman
International Herald Tribune
LONDON — Boom time is over, at least for the present. Plays are closing all over the West End. To tide their theaters over, managers are turning to one-man shows.

THE LONDON STAGE

which may not make fortunes but are unlikely to lose them. Cream of this modest crop is "Siegfried Sassoon," a portrait of the World War I poet assembled and performed by Peter Barkworth. It was a great success at the miniature Hampstead Theatre, and has now moved to the larger Apollo. Barkworth fills it — spiritually, that is — with surprising ease. You never feel that the performance is rattling around inside a shell too big for it.

In the program, Barkworth notes that though Sassoon died in 1967 his life really ended when the Great War did. The rest was reminiscence. The anti-climax could have its own interest but Barkworth keeps it out. He shows us the young Anglo-Jewish Sassoon discovering that boarding school does not live up to the fantasies he derived from the story books, and then making the same discovery about war.

Barkworth draws on Sassoon's poems, diaries, and copious autobiographies, which he claims to keep "as free from . . . artificial colorings as possible." In one sense this is true: He has added no words of his own. In his acting, though, he colors recklessly. The more virulent Sassoon's pacifism becomes, the more rhetorically and passionately Barkworth delivers the verse. But poetry works by suggestion, not by inflation. The most memorable moment is the driest: Barkworth's de-

livery of a three-line squib — loaded light verse, really — about a commanding officer who aroused affection in two of his men, "but he did for them both with his plan of attack."

There are also some great prose moments of throwaway humor. Barkworth has honed his technique on light comedy in the theater and domestic drama on television. He is a master of urbane angst: that peculiarly English blend of smooth

Some of his shows have recently been re-run. Individually they are not the masterpieces one remembered but collectively they are very impressive. Between them Hancock and his writers created a great comic figure, vain, bumptious, cowardly, snobbish, gullible: everyman, in fact.

Colin Bennett's play presents Hancock's biography as if experienced and narrated by the Hancock persona. There was probably con-

from one to another but she bears in on each spasm of grief, affection or anger with uncompromising unexaggerated truth.

The Tricycle is a northwest London theater that opened a few years ago in a fog of worthiness. A new director, Nicolas Kent, has now energized it and has almost, in his emphasis on plays with black or Irish themes, given community theater a good name.

Currently he plays host to a revival of James Baldwin's 1955 "The Amen Corner." This begins with a gospel meeting so rousingly enjoyable that it is minutes before we notice another portion of the stage dominated by a kitchen table. The heart sinks: Soon the singing will stop and the domestic rows will start. So they do, revealing that Sister Margaret Alexander, whom we have heard preaching against worldliness with unforgiving fervor, is a tyrant and a bigot in her own home. This is actually no great surprise, and her condescension is dramatically a foregone conclusion. Baldwin's attempt to complicate matters by pitting her intransigence against the petty intrigues and ambitions of her congregation but he is not skillful enough to play off one plot against other.

There is enough humor and enough feeling for the actors to bite on. Add the music and you get an experience. Carmen Munroe, a fiery and strident Sister Margaret, commands a cast that seems to grow stronger by the minute. The more you get to know them, the more you believe. Community theater, in the soggy sociological sense, aims to create a bond, usually spurious, between actors and audience. This show, more valuably, creates a community on the stage.

Hancock and his writers created a great comic figure, vain, bumptious, cowardly, snobbish, gullible: everyman, in fact.

voice and furrowed brow perhaps best typified by the late James Mason. He has steered clear of the classics. This performance makes you wish that he hadn't; he might have found there an ampler medium for the poetry that is undoubtedly in him.

I don't know whether the Boulevard counts as a West End theater. Geographically it does, being right in the center of Soho. It is in fact attached to the Raymond Revuebar, London's glossiest strip joint. The theater, though, is anything but glossy and economically it is definitely fringe.

It offers another portrait of a dead hero. "Hancock's Finest Hour," Tony Hancock, Britain's greatest television comedian, an icon of the '50s and '60s, ended as a suicide in Australia, but had in fact been destroying himself for most of his life, partly through alcohol, partly through casting off everybody who helped him to success.

Box Step and Body Language

By Nadine Brozan
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — "Side, together, forward. Side, together, back. Quick, quick, slow." The instructions had the sound of a dance and deportment class in an elementary school gym. But the students being introduced to the box step were from Barnard and Columbia Colleges, and they applauded when Bruce Powell told them: "You have just learned the box step, and you must never forget it. It's like learning the first few words in another language."

Indeed, the fox-trot, rumba and lindy constitute different body language for a generation reared in the school of dancing loosely known as disco, or improvised gyration. When the Barnard Student Government Association hired the Sunny Kaye orchestra to play at the college's Winter Ball, the organizers realized that few guests would know how to "touch dance" to the music of the big band era.

Powell, an administrator at the university's Graduate School of Arts and Sciences and a former dance teacher, was recruited to give lessons for a week, and more than 90 students showed up for the first two days' sessions.

There were no illusions about what Powell could accomplish in two short sessions. "Obviously I won't turn them into super dancers," he said on arriving at the McInosh Student Center at Barnard, where both the classes and the ball were to be held. "The object is not so much dancing as it is social grace and learning how to politely hold another person."

Powell, who once taught the hustle at a dance studio in exchange for lessons in ballroom dancing, started from scratch. He had the students form two long lines, made them clap to the beat and showed them how to walk their way through the box step. Once they had mastered enough to pair off, he scurried about the floor giving gentle appraisals and advice.

Among his words of counsel were these: "What you need to know about holding a partner is mainly that you need some resistance for balance. The idea is if you push on her back, she will feel your lead."



Getting the hang of it.

"Your eyes don't move your feet. Don't look down. But don't stare into each other's eyes either. You will bump into someone."

"A good dancer has a good sense of geometry, like a figure skater."

"Keep the steps a size your partner can handle, no bigger than a walking step."

Although some students were clearly tentative about their dancing, counting out loud to the beat, they were just as clearly delighted

to be doing dances they had seen only in old movies or on those occasions when their parents danced.

"We never heard of ballroom dancing" back home in Kalispell, Montana, said Susan Beams, Columbia '87, "and certainly never knew of it being taught anywhere. This is more fun than rock and roll." Nodding in agreement, her partner, Gary Rempe, also Columbia '87, said: "In Orwell, New York, we did square dancing and rock at school dances. Nothing like this."

Andy Cadel, a Columbia sophomore, and Amy Keyishian, a Barnard sophomore, had both wanted to go to a similar dance put on last fall by the Columbia Greens, a campus organization, but didn't, they lamented, "because each of us thought that the other wouldn't want to."

"This is the first time she's let me take her dancing, and we've been going out for five months," Cadel said.

"It's okay as long as he lets me lead," Keyishian said.

Dancing with a partner had a different appeal for Allison McDonald, Barnard '89, who said she had seen ballroom dancing but had never done it herself. "This is better than disco dancing," she said. "You can be closer and more intimate. And you can tell who people came with."

John Kingston, Columbia '89, who came to the class in black tie — "I thought it would make things special," he said — Jennifer Sher, Barnard '87, Deborah Hartman, Barnard '87, and Douglas Okun, Columbia '87, went to Roseland recently. "But we didn't know what we were doing, so we had to fake it," Sher said.

"My mother wanted to teach me," Hartman recalled, "but I always said, 'Oh, mother.' Now I think it's fun."

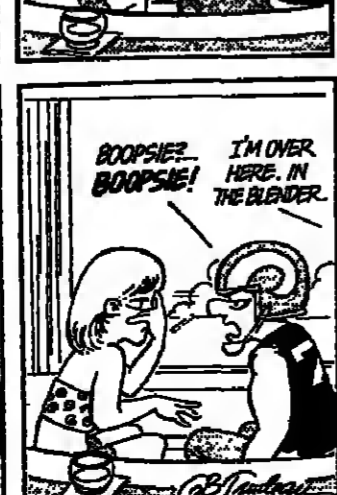
DOONESBURY

B.B., THIS IS SUCH AN HONOR TO BE ASKED TO JOIN THE STATE TASK FORCE ON SELF-ESTEEM!

I MEAN THERE ARE SO MANY FILM ACTRESSES WITH MUCH MORE EXPERIENCE IN PERSONAL GROWTH!

WHAT A HIGH! I'VE NEVER FELT SUCH SUCH ELATION! B.B., I THINK I'M ABOUT TO HAVE AN OUT-OF-BODY EXPERIENCE!

SURE YOU ARE, BOOPSE. BOOPSE! I'M OVER HERE IN THE BLUNDER.



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An SDI Compromise

A more considered view seems to be emerging from the Reagan administration's... Into this turbulence rode Mr. Shultz on Sunday...

Into this turbulence rode Mr. Shultz on Sunday, acknowledging the official confusion by insisting that he expressed "exactly what the president's position is."

No doubt the Shultz position will be fiercely challenged both within and without. But if it holds it means that a decision on testing and deployment, rather than remaining up for action during the Reagan administration...

Courage in Bogota

In the war against drugs, Colombia has just set a very brave example. It arrested and extradited to the United States Carlos Lehder Rivas, accused of being one of the great cocaine traffickers in his country.

There also seems to be a feeling, halfway between shame and nationalism, that makes Colombians hesitate to hand off desperadoes to others, especially the United States.

Contras Minus Cruz

When Congress reversed itself a year ago and voted \$100 million in military aid for the contras, what tilted the balance was the joint appeal of three rebel leaders: Adolfo Calero, Arturo Cruz and Alfonso Robelo.

Terrible abuses have been documented on all sides — against Miskito Indians by Sandinistas, and against unarmed civilians, including children, by contras.

Mothers in Danger

Leaders of several international organizations meet in Nairobi this week to plan an effort to improve maternal health. Every year more than a million women die of causes related to pregnancy.

The Nairobi conference is an important first step in meeting this challenge in the developing world.



Perle's Brash Public Diplomacy Isn't Diplomacy

WASHINGTON — There is a fundamental fact about the European view of nuclear diplomacy. Its grasp would have saved Washington a lot of wasted motion and the chief architect of U.S. arms control policies, Assistant Secretary of Defense Richard Perle, a lot of breath.

But, as Mr. Perle noted, they know that these dreary measures would merely enhance Soviet military advantage and invite madness and miscalculation.

They connive at the pretense that a "comprehensive test ban" would improve nuclear safety, or that all nuclear weapons might some day be swept from the earth.

guage, but in a manner that does not necessarily exacerbate tensions. Mr. Perle is surely aware of that. It is a mystery why he argues that NATO diplomacy could or should take on the function not only of communicating U.S. views to the Soviet Union but instructing the public.

To a CIA Insider, Casey Was a Home-Run Hitter

WASHINGTON — Washington is the sort of town where a discussion of Babe Ruth's baseball career would focus on the number of times he struck out. So it is not surprising that the many commentaries on William Casey's tenure as director of Central Intelligence have focused on those covert actions that went awry.

Bill Casey was a home-run hitter. Alas, in the intelligence business only the strike-outs are public. I worked with him for four years at the CIA and am still bound by a secrecy oath.

report that shows his organization's gaps and shortcomings. With the same spirit, and guided by Bill's direction, we launched a major effort to put analysts in touch with new sources.

trying to undercut him at the White House. Because of his key role in the administration, Bill had a unique feel for what his policy-making colleagues were going to need, and when.

The Dollar Crisis Means Europe Needs a Currency

BRUSSELS — It is high time European governments acted on their own to defuse the dollar crisis upsetting the world's currency markets.

foreign policy, rather than the "agreed positions" that now pass for the Community's external policy.

five years the ECU has grown from a bookkeepers' "notional" currency to a potential rival to the dollar.

al political parties of Europe, and indeed the national governments and their civil services, would need to adapt in ways we can only guess at.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

JOHN HAY WHITNEY, Chairman 1958-1967. KATHARINE GRAHAM, WILLIAM S. PALEY, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Co-Chairmen. LEE W. HUBNER, Publisher.

give the European Community its own settlement unit in which to denominated oil and commodity transactions and finance export credits.

setting the dollar in droves, have flocked to buy Deutsche marks but not, for instance, French francs.

The instrument the Europeans can use is already at hand; the European Currency Unit, or ECU. In the past

1912: Japan in China. SHANGHAI — The Chinese are awakening to the grave danger which may result from the energy displayed by the Japanese in securing wholesale mortgages over properties in the Yangtze valley.

Questions About Iran's 'Moderates'

By Tom Wicker. POCATELLO, Idaho — The first questioner at an evening session of the 16th Frank Church International Affairs Symposium went right to an important point: All other problems about the Reagan administration's dealings with Iran aside, would it be a good thing for the United States to establish relations with "moderates" in that country?

The intelligence judgments of both countries seem to have been fortuitously influenced by Middle Eastern arms peddlers who probably were most interested in large arms sales and the hefty commissions therefrom.

It was, for example, Hasbemi Rafsanjani, the speaker of the Majlis, Iran's parliament, who graciously confirmed that Mr. McFarlane had brought a chocolate cake and a Bible inscribed by President Reagan as gifts for his hosts in Tehran.

It may be argued that the Iranian government officials with whom the United States was dealing are the much-talked-of moderates.

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1912: Japan in China. PARIS — [A reader writes:] "President Roosevelt was his case for the modernization of the Supreme Court his power will be tantamount to a virtual dictatorship. We have already seen the results of European dictatorships, and Americans will agree that their own form of government is preferable. The Roosevelt administration certainly needs a restraining influence to keep the government from committing follies. We have for example the New Deal, which is or was an artificial political force devoted to the softening of life, holding back of initiative and giving people more money for less work. It is to the court's credit that this 'rotten deal' was declared unconstitutional. If Roosevelt wins in his plan... then Heaven help us from his ambitions. His harebrained schemes will be possible with this additional power. Such power is dangerous!"

مركزنا للأصل

OPINION

Palestinians Are Harassed in Los Angeles

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — She is a 22-year-old woman, a student in San Diego, California. Born in Ramallah, in the West Bank, she came to the United States at the age of 3 and is an American citizen. On the telephone she sounds like California. I shall call her Evelyn Bitar, which is not her real name.

was a big metal desk. The room also had a metal pole set in the cement floor. It had a hook at the top, sort of like a tetherball pole. I was thrown into a grey metal chair, still handcuffed. The room was dimly lit, but with a bright fluorescent light coming at my face.

ABROAD AT HOME

throwing pictures on the desk. They were all pictures from San Diego, some from the old Arabic club. "It was after midnight by now. They uncuffed my right hand, then cuffed my left hand to hook on the top of the metal pole. My left arm was stretched up to reach it. Then they left the house and left me hanging there like that for over three hours. They came back around 3:30 with a third man. I asked if I could use the bathroom. I was desperate to go. They would not let me.

said, 'At your rally you said, "Long Live Palestine." We'll show you what we think of your Palestine.' "They took out a small Palestinian flag, about 3 by 5 inches [about 75 by 125 millimeters], and burned it. "Then they took me out, back into the car. They stopped about two miles [about three kilometers] from my house. They said, 'Listen, Babe, when you least expect us, expect us. We'll always be around.' I looked at my watch. It was 2:30 A.M.

New York's Architects Need A Revived Sense of Purpose

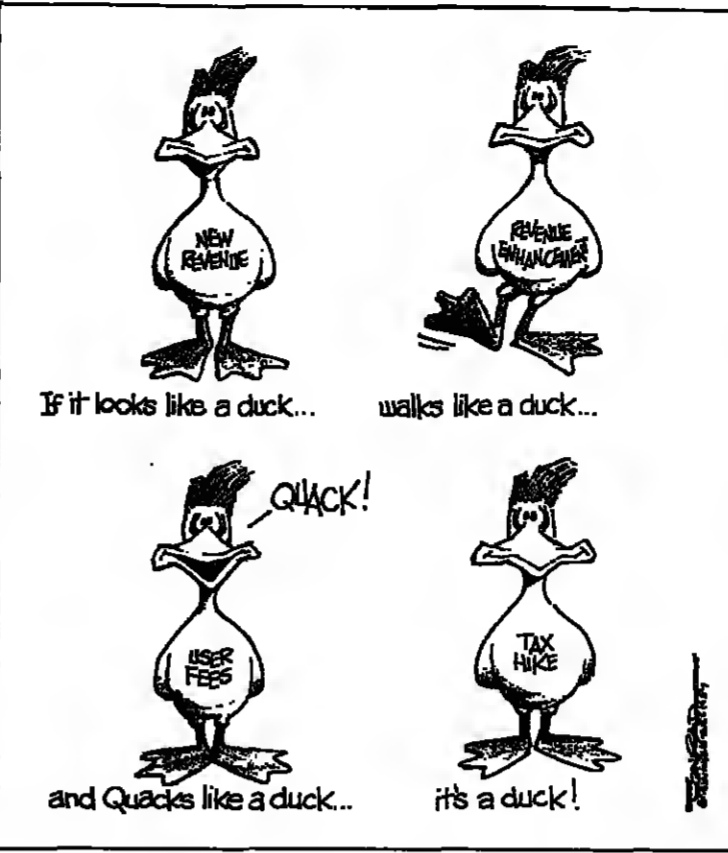
By Paul S. Byard

NEW YORK — These are disquieting times for architects in New York. The curious, conflicted historicism of much of our new work, our confused search for validation in publicity and chic, our readiness to promote and decorate projects that should not be built at all — these seem signs of a

MEANWHILE

pervasive trouble. They are symptoms of an underlying lack of principle and purpose that is close to embarrassing. We have been in the doldrums for the last few years, the end of an important 50-year cycle in the history of building in America. Since the early 1930s, the building process was inspired largely by visions of massive physical change undertaken for powerful reasons felt to be moral. Developers and architects, led by government's injection of resources and of a commitment to higher goals, combined their interests in projects intended to bring about human and environmental reforms. The result was designs of major civic buildings, housing for the poor and for middle-income families.

schools, parks, pools and other reformist buildings. It was work that was shot through with important questions of moral and social principle. No one is asking us to do any work like that today. We have nothing new of any social or moral importance to design or build. Except for some institutional work, virtually the entire province of new design has been left to corporations indulging their wealth in headquarters monuments or to developers chasing wealth by meeting demands for products at the outer margins of the market. The result is profoundly debilitating for a profession that is ethical at its core. Architecture has always measured its success by the way it has met in its designs the complex demands of human problems. Without demand for our vision or our solutions, we are stuck in a state of nonproductivity.



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Colombian Ambassador Is Alive and Back in Action

An editorial excerpt deploring the supposed killing of a Colombian ambassador in Hungary and implying a lack of U.S. support for Colombian anti-drug efforts was inaccurate on these points, even though the overall sense of urgency in the Los Angeles Times editorial was warranted. ("Colombia Is Losing the War," Other Comment, Feb. 5.)

But if it is granted that the Soviet Union cannot calculate at what point nuclear weapons might have to be used, can NATO do so? Can anyone? Or is the unavoidable absence of an answer tantamount to a self-imposed deterrent upon a NATO response to Soviet aggression — the flaw in the concept that contains the seeds of its disintegration? M.B.C. DOV, Brussels.

Jews Are Still Hounded in Gorbachev's Odessa

IF MIKHAIL Gorbachev is ushering in a new era in the Soviet Union, changing old habits and opening new lines of communication, the news hasn't made it to Odessa. Yehudit Nepomniashchy is 26 and lives in Odessa. Because she teaches Hebrew, she has been harassed and intimidated for the past six years. Her telephone has been disconnected, her home has been repeatedly searched, and books, tapes and religious articles have been confiscated.

ence and he would be jailed with homosexuals and violent criminals. He was sentenced to three years' imprisonment at a trial in which it was alleged that he and the Nepomniashchy family were spies and "Zionist saboteurs." Mr. Levin's father, Meir, wrote a letter to a friend in which he recounted these charges. For this "offense" he was arrested and sentenced to three years' imprisonment for "anti-Soviet propaganda." Yehudit and Yakov finally received permission to marry and to do so while he was in prison.

the lie that there was anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union? We were darkly warned that the KGB "has many friends in the United States" and told that although we had been protected, the police would "no longer be responsible for our security" during our Soviet stay.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.

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Photos by: Bischof, Burri, Capa, Cartier-Bresson, Erwit, Hass, and other Magnum photographers. From the archives of Magnum Photos, a photographic record of Europe in the immediate postwar years — striking images of a continent shaking off the debris of destruction and coming to life.

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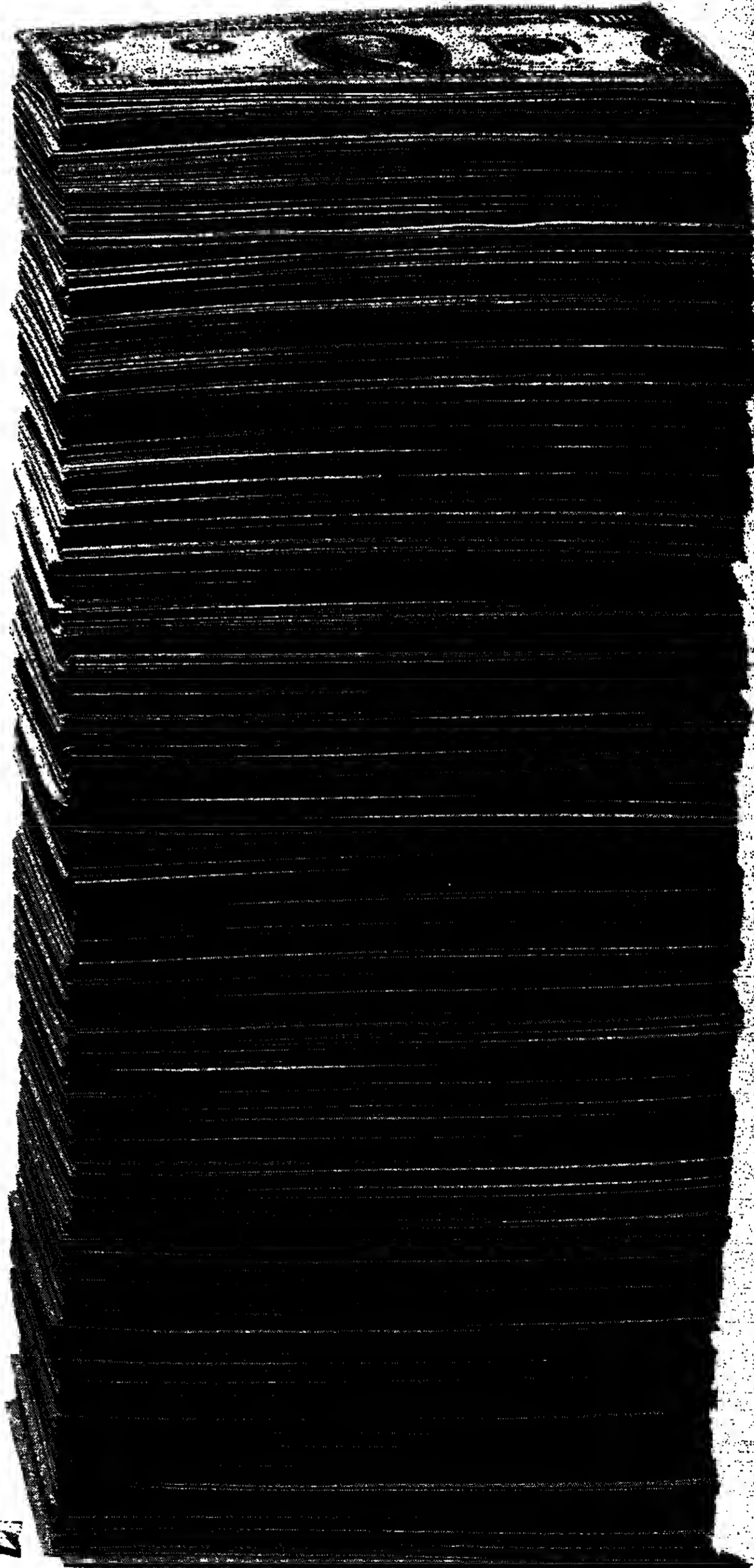
And our SCM Pigments is the third largest producer of titanium dioxide in the world.

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It's good news for Britain too.



H A N S O N T R U S T

For further details contact: Hanson Trust, 180 Brompton Road, London SW3. Tel: 01-589 7070.

Partial view of another page from the newspaper, showing headlines like 'Panama', 'European', 'Some En', and 'LONDON'.

NYSE Most Actives table with columns for Vol., High, Low, Last, Chg.

Market Sales table with columns for NYSE 4 run volume, AMEX 4 run volume, etc.

NYSE Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

Tuesday's NYSE Closing logo and text: Via The Associated Press

AMEX Diary table with columns for Close, Prev.

NASDAQ Index table with columns for Close, Chg., Week, Year

AMEX Most Actives table with columns for Vol., High, Low, Last, Chg.

Dow Jones Bond Averages table with columns for Class, Chg.

NYSE Diary table with columns for Close, Prev.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. table with columns for Buy, Sell, % of 1987

Dow Jones Averages table with columns for Open, High, Low, Last, Chg.

Standard & Poor's Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

NASDAQ Diary table with columns for Close, Prev.

AMEX Stock Index table with columns for High, Low, Change, % Chg.

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trade elsewhere.

NYSE Off on Profit-Taking

NEW YORK — The New York Stock Exchange finished lower in active trading Tuesday as investors kept an eye on a weak dollar and rising interest rates and decided to cash in on recent gains.

The Dow Jones industrial average fell 18.70 to 2,158.04. Declines advanced 1,140 to 491 among the 1,997 issues traded on the NYSE.

Japan or West Germany would cut their interest rates soon. His comments caused an abrupt decline in the dollar, which put pressure on bond- and stock-index futures prices.

As prices of stock-index futures contracts briefly traded at a discount to their cash indexes, arbitrageurs covered the futures they sold earlier and sold stocks, Mr. Harrington said.

The market gradually erased a portion of that loss as investors went hunting for bargains. The most active NYSE-listed issue was Federal National Mortgage Association, which fell 1 1/4 to 45 1/4.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (A) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (B) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (C) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (D) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (E) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (F) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (G) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (H) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (I) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (J) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (K) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (L) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (M) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (N) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (O) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (P) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (Q) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (R) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

NYSE Most Active Stocks table (S) with columns for Stock, High, Low, Last, Chg.

Vertical advertisements on the right edge of the page, including 'Business', 'Wens-III', 'IBM Inc. Income Dropped 3.7%', 'Soaring NT Trading 10%', '84 Shares Post Official Gain', and 'Asia Pacific Growth Fund'.

Tuesday's NYSE Closing

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

U.S. Futures

Via The Associated Press

Table of U.S. Futures prices for various commodities like Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, etc.

Currency Options

Table of Currency Options prices for various currencies.

Food

Table of Food futures prices for items like Coffee, Sugar, etc.

Metals

Table of Metals futures prices for items like Aluminum, Copper, etc.

Financial

Table of Financial market data including US Treasury Bonds and other instruments.

Municipal Bonds

Table of Municipal Bonds prices for various cities and issues.

Stock Indexes

Table of Stock Indexes including S&P 500, NYSE, etc.

Commodity Indexes

Table of Commodity Indexes for various raw materials.

Company Results

Table of Company Results showing revenue, profit, and other financial metrics.

Company Results

Table of Company Results showing revenue, profit, and other financial metrics.

NYSE High-Lows

Table of NYSE High-Lows for various stocks.

U.S. Considers Relaxing Some Export Controls

WASHINGTON — The Commerce Department has announced sweeping proposals to streamline export controls.

Paris Commodities

Table of Paris Commodities prices for various goods.

London Commodities

Table of London Commodities prices for various goods.

Dividends

Table of Dividends for various companies.

S&P 100 Index Options

Table of S&P 100 Index Options prices.

Spot Commodities

Table of Spot Commodities prices for various raw materials.

U.S. Treasuries

Table of U.S. Treasuries prices for various government bonds.

DM Futures Options, Pesch Offer Rejected, and other market news.

Tuesdays AMEX Closing

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the close on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div. Yld. PE, 52 Wk High Low, Close, Open, Chg. Contains various stock listings.

Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div. Yld. PE, 52 Wk High Low, Close, Open, Chg. Contains various stock listings.

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Table with columns: 12 Month High Low Stock, Div. Yld. PE, 52 Wk High Low, Close, Open, Chg. Contains various stock listings.

French Growth '87 Is Revised Downward

PARIS — The French economy will grow by only 2 to 2.5 percent this year, considerably less than original estimates and not much faster than last year, the Treasury director, Daniel Lebeaud, said Tuesday.

ADVERTISMENT INTERNATIONAL FUNDS (Quotations Supplied by Funds Listed) 10 Feb. 1987

Table listing various international funds with columns for fund name, share price, and other details.

Floating-Rate Notes

Table listing floating rate notes with columns for issuer, coupon, maturity, and other details.

Pounds Sterling

Table listing financial data for Pounds Sterling.

Deutsche Marks

Table listing financial data for Deutsche Marks.

E.C.U.

Table listing financial data for E.C.U.

Japanese Yen

Table listing financial data for Japanese Yen.

AMEX High-Lows section with a grid of stock prices and a small chart.

Table listing various funds with columns for fund name, share price, and other details.

ENGLISH: Popular in Europe

(Continued from first finance page) he said. "The managers of the future should have a European outlook."

cal. "The practical problems of introducing a foreign-language requirement into a monoglot culture are great," said Richard Whitley, director of the MBA program at the Manchester Business School.

At the undergraduate level, many British universities are offering degrees that integrate business and languages. But some academics are skeptical.

He estimated that half the graduating class was proficient in a language other than English.

BUSINESS PEOPLE

Former N.Y. Times Officer to Join Rothschild Inc.

By Arthur Higbee International Herald Tribune Sydney Gruson, a former vice chairman and director of The New York Times Co., is to become a senior adviser at the investment banking firm of Rothschild Inc., where he is expected to help build Rothschild's business in the communications industry.

and reporting directly to me," Robert S. Pirie, Rothschild's president and chief executive, told the Times. Mr. Pirie said that Mr. Gruson has been involved in every acquisition made by Times Co. in the last 15 years. Rothschild is not a major player in newspaper and other communications acquisitions, but hopes to build a business around Mr. Gruson, Mr. Pirie said.

American Standard Officer Declares Himself Redundant

New York Times Service NEW YORK — William G. Roth has resigned as president and chief operating officer of American Standard Inc., saying a restructuring had left no room for his post. Mr. Roth, 48, said the New York-based company's three sectors — air-conditioning, building and transportation products — are under the management of capable executives who should report directly to the chief executive officer, William B. Boyd.

legrand Interim dividend Consolidated sales rose 2.5% in 1986, reflecting both the weaker dollar and increased sales volumes.

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INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED (Continued From Back Page)

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CURRENCY DOLLAR (Continued from Page 14) THE EUROPEAN Calling Doll... OTC

CURRENCY MARKETS

DOLLAR: Baker Comments Continue to Sway Dollar

(Continued from Page 1)
152.15. It was also higher against the British pound, which closed at \$1.5230, against \$1.5275 Monday.
In testimony on Tuesday to the House Ways and Means Committee, Mr. Baker declined to comment on reports that the Reagan administration is proposing establishing "reference ranges" for the currencies of the Group of Five industrialized nations. They are Britain, France, Japan, West Germany and the United States.
Recent reports from Washington and Paris indicate that such a concept would be central to the U.S. position at any Group of Five meeting on stabilizing the dollar.
Rumors that a Group of Five meeting is in the works and unexpectedly strong U.S. economic indicators combined to lift the dollar toward the end of last week.
Mr. Baker also repeated Tuesday what has become the central theme of U.S. dollar policy: demands for stronger economic growth by the other industrial nations, particularly West Germany and Japan; appreciation of Asian currencies linked to the dollar and

London Dollar Rates

Currency	Tue.	Mon.
Deutsch mark	1.979	1.979
Swiss franc	1.525	1.525
Japanese yen	152.40	152.25
French franc	1.518	1.518
Italian lira	2,090	2,090

an expanded role for the yen as an international reserve currency.
In the past year, the dollar has declined 40 percent against the mark and 50 percent against the yen.
Mr. Baker said there had been "no discernible effect from the decline to date" on the United States' ability to finance its huge budget deficit, estimated at \$169 billion for the 1987 fiscal year.
He also said that he had no personal knowledge that Japan would cut its discount rate.
He declined to comment on what might be appropriate rates for the dollar against the yen and the mark saying that if he did, he would be accused of "talking down" the dollar.
Currency dealers said Mr. Bak-

er's mixture of candor with coyness was calculated and risky.
"It's obvious he is talking the dollar down," a dealer for a large West German bank said. "Baker is using the threat of a lower dollar to pressure Germany and Japan for economic stimulatory measures. This seems a crude and dangerous tactic, but he is staying with it."
Some monetary experts questioned whether a statement by Mr. Baker saying that the dollar had fallen far enough would do more than slow its descent.
"Sooner or later, the market is going to discount what Mr. Baker says," one dealer said. "I think a lot of people are afraid it's the only card in his hand. What happens if he plays it and the dollar keeps on dropping?"
Analysts were nearly unanimous in predicting further declines for the U.S. currency in the coming months.
In London, the dollar closed at 152.40 yen, down from 152.55 on Monday. It was also lower against the British pound, which closed at \$1.5355, against \$1.5188 Monday.

MACHINE: Milacron Cedes No. 1 Ranking in U.S. and Pins Its Prospects on Plastics

(Continued from first finance page)
chief executive of the century-old company. The traditional machine tool industry that has been the cornerstone of Milacron is "as dead as a doornail," he said.
Milacron's prospects are now pegged to the company's transition from producing traditional lathes, boring mills and broaching machines to turning out robots, laser equipment, plastic-processing machines and computer-controlled machines that produce aircraft parts, Mr. Geier said.
Although traditional machine tools accounted for two-thirds of the company's sales in 1980 and made up about 40 percent now, Mr. Geier predicted that they will represent about one-third by 1990.
Synthetic materials can be made stronger than steel, he noted. "In the future, we will see airplanes and automobiles made of composites, and things we probably haven't even thought of yet."
In shifting strategy, Milacron has surrendered its historical position as the largest U.S. machine-tool manufacturer. That title

now belongs to Cross & Trecker Inc. But that seems of little consequence to Mr. Geier, who is 61 and part of the third generation of the family to run the company.
"We're recognizing," he said, "that we're going to change the very material we work with in all areas of the manufacturing business. We're leaving glass, steel and paper and we're going to plastics, to synthetics and areas where there will be demand in the future."
The company's strategy is in part a response to conditions in the troubled machine tool business. But while Milacron has recognized the problems and reduced its dependence on the traditional business, its diversification has not been smooth.
For one thing, the swing away from traditional machine tools left the company with a work force trained to perform tasks that largely became obsolete.
The company's work force dropped by more than 4,000 over the last five years, to 9,000, as well-educated computer programmers and laser engineers replaced a larger

cadre of blue-collar assemblers and machine operators.
Milacron's earnings performance has been erratic. In 1983, the company reported its first loss since the Depression, \$10.3 million, and in 1985, another stinging loss of \$42.2 million.
Although the company reported earnings of \$13.9 million in the first nine months of 1986, Milacron's current stock price of \$27.25 is far below its five-year top of \$39. The company's full-year results will be announced next week.
One troubling area has been the company's robot business, where there has been little growth outside the automobile industry.
Demand has been slack even inside the auto industry, analysts say, with much of it filled by Milacron competitors such as GMF Robotics, a joint venture of General Motors Corp. and Fanuc Ltd. of Japan. Milacron lost money for several years on its robot business before it turned a profit last year largely by lowering operating costs.

Additionally, the plastics revolution that Mr. Geier and others within the company predicted failed to arrive at the speed they anticipated, particularly in automobile manufacturing.
Mr. Geier still insists that more and more automobile parts, medical equipment and packaging material can be made of plastic and synthetic material. With Milacron now the leading U.S. producer of plastics machinery, he said, the company is gaining orders steadily and is poised to attract even more.
Analysts say that the company's financial performance will almost certainly improve this year. A year-old restructuring effort has slashed costs by \$20 million, and the market for both plastic and laser manufacturing systems is expanding.
"Their plastic business will be up and there will be some modest growth in the machine tool business," said Andrew Silver, an analyst with the securities firm Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette. "That and the fact that Milacron has reduced its costs will mean that, overall, 1987 will be a better year."

THE EUROMARKETS

Falling Dollar Pulls Dollar Straights Along

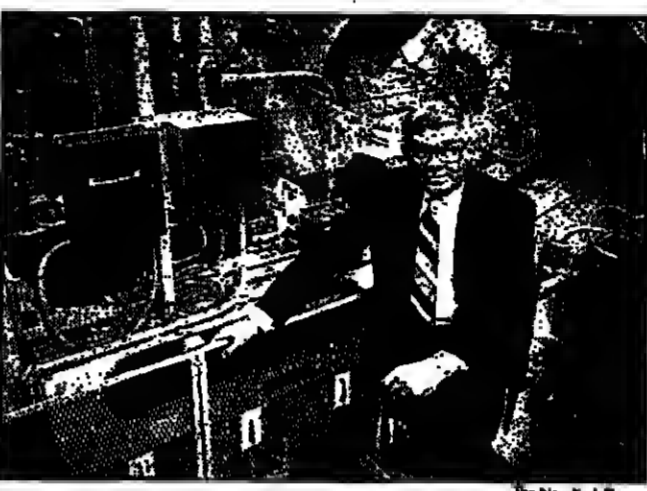
LONDON — Secondary market sectors of the Eurobond market were easier after an active day's trading Tuesday, with the dollar-straight market ending between 1/4 to 3/4 point lower as the dollar extended Monday's sharp losses.
The primary market remained busy but activity was less frenetic than Monday, syndicate managers said. One dollar-straight bond was launched — a \$200 million issue for IBM Credit Corp.
The three-year issue pays a slim 6 1/4 percent and was priced at 101.05 at launch, less the 1 1/4 percent fees. The issue yielded 18 basis points over equivalent U.S. Treasuries.
The issue ended outside the total fees at a discount of 1.60 percent bid, but one trader at a house not involved in the arrangement said,

"The issue held up very well bearing in mind the weakness we saw this afternoon." Lead manager was Credit Suisse First Boston Ltd.
The long-awaited yen bond for the European Community finally emerged under Daiwa Europe Ltd.'s lead management. The issue pays 4 1/4 percent over six years and was priced at 101 1/4.
It was quoted in when-issued trading at a discount of 1 3/4 percent, comfortably inside the total fees of 1 3/4 percent.
The yen issue formed part of the EC's recent financing in the Euro-markets, which has involved issues in U.S. dollars and European Currency Units. The funds raised are to be for a loan to Greece.
The EC's Executive Commission said it would be raising Deutsche marks in the capital markets to

complete the financing of the 875 million ECU loan package.
W.H. Smith & Son (Holdings) PLC issued a 500 million, 15-year, convertible bond paying an indicated 7 1/4 percent and priced at par. The issue was lead managed by Baring Brothers & Co.
Terms were set early on Monday's two sterling convertible bonds. The coupon on the 15-year deal for ASDA-MPI Group PLC was set at 4 1/4 percent compared with the indicated 5 percent. The issue was also raised to £120 million from £100 million.
The five-year put option was set at 12 1/2 percent, giving the investor an annual yield to the put of 9.02 percent.
Meanwhile, the coupon on the £50 million bond for Redland Capital PLC was fixed at the indicated 7 1/4 percent.

CROSS: Tool Maker Slashes Costs, Seeks Wider Share of Traditional Market

(Continued from first finance page)
of Cross Co. and Kearney & Trecker. Since then, it has made several acquisitions, such as the 1984 purchase of Allied Corp.'s ailing Bendix Automation Group, which included the Warner & Swasey division, a large maker of turning and grinding machines.
A year later, Cross & Trecker bought four machine tool units from Acme Cleveland Corp.
Cross & Trecker's prospects, like those of others in the industry, are closely tied to automobile and metal manufacturing, which account for more than 40 percent of Cross & Trecker's sales.
Another crucial factor for Cross & Trecker is foreign competition. In 1977, imports accounted for 17 percent of domestic consumption; by 1985, that number had grown to nearly 41 percent, according to a trade group, the National Machine Tool Builders Association.
A recent agreement involving voluntary restraint by foreign tool exporters is intended to reduce imports to their proportion of the 1981 market, about 25 percent of American sales that year.
Today there are about 350 machine tool makers, the association says, compared with 500 who were



Richard T. Lindgren, president of Cross & Trecker.

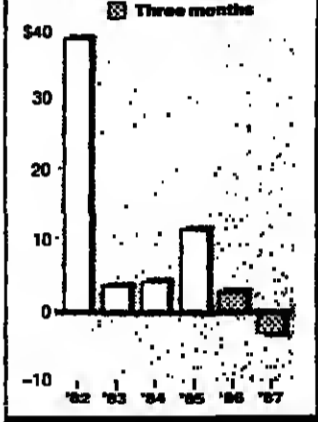
registered with the association in 1983.
"We are working hard to reach a point where we can do a better job on the profit side than we have been doing, flat revenues or not," said Mr. Lindgren.
"We must continue to improve margins, and we must continue our restructuring program, to reduce costs," he said. "We are a company that will operate for the time being at roughly a \$400 million

annual level, then our costs are too high and everything possible must be done about it."
So far, the results have been uneven.
A cost-cutting program cut annual expenses last year by \$12 million, but the company reported a net loss of \$2.9 million for the quarter that ended Dec. 31, the first period of its fiscal year.
That was in contrast to net income of \$2.6 million in the year-

earlier quarter. The company is spending record amounts to develop new products — 50 percent more in fiscal 1986 — but that expense has helped depress earnings, analysts said.
Last summer, Cross & Trecker lost an important order for an engine-machine line for General Motors Corp.'s new Saturn plant.
As a result of these problems, Cross & Trecker has closed plants and sharply reduced its work force. The company has even scrapped for business by rebuilding and reselling used tools and offering its manufacturing and technical expertise on what essentially is a rental basis.
Mr. Lindgren acknowledged the troubles, but pointed to signs of improvement. The company's orders for the last three months of 1986 were up 14 percent from the year-ago period, he noted.
And the weakness of the dollar, coupled with the recent devaluation of the Japanese yen, has made American-made machine tools more attractive.
Analysts contend that Cross & Trecker must clear a number of hurdles even if the industry rebounds. The company has solidified its position as the nation's leading machine-tool maker, they said, but an anticipated increase in sales has failed to materialize.

A Policy Of Growth

Accumulations by Cross & Trecker that have enhanced its principal activity in the manufacture of metalworking machinery and equipment.
1984: Bought Bendix Automation Group from Allied for \$74.3 million.
1985: Bought the assets of LaSalle Machine Tool from Acme Cleveland for \$13 million.
How Cross Has Fared
Net earnings or loss, in millions, for fiscal years ended Sept. 30.
Three months



Tuesday's OTC Prices
NASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time.
Via The Associated Press

Financial tables containing stock market data, including columns for 12-month high/low, stock price, volume, and price change. The tables are organized into sections labeled A through Z.

SPORTS

A Resigned Killy Sticks to His Guns

By Derek Parr

PARIS—Legions of admirers wish Jean-Claude Killy would change his mind and take charge of the 1992 Winter Olympic venture again, but the French skiing legend says he will not relent.

Killy, triple gold medalist when France last staged the Olympics, in Grenoble in 1968, resigned Jan. 29 as head of the organizing committee for the Albertville Olympics—16 days after agreeing to take the job.

Samaranch the most difficult thing was to get them. He said it was easier to get them than see them through.

"He was right and I was wrong," Killy said. "The controversy erupted when Killy said the men's giant slalom and slalom would be transferred from Tignes to Val d'Isere and the women's downhill and super-giant slalom from Les Menuires to Méribel, leaving Val d'Isere with all the men's skiing events and Méribel with all the women's."

Jean-Claude Killy: "My main thing was to get the Games."

An American Crusade Fulfilled at the White House

VANTAGE POINT/Thomas Boswell

WASHINGTON Post Service WASHINGTON — On Monday, the skipper handed the Gipper the America's Cup. Dennis Conner held high the silver trophy he had lost years ago, then presented it to his president.

The man who invented the America's Cup by losing it three and a half years ago (and then invented himself by winning it back last year) came to the gold bedecked East Room to collect one of the first installments of his great tribute of praise.

When he told Conner, "In following these races, we were all able to follow something ancient and deep within us—man's fascination with wind and water... Hang gliding, dropping in a parachute, doing barrel rolls in a light airplane, those thrills are easy to understand. But the moment of lift in a sailboat is just as much a leap off the earth—airborne. Gentlemen of the Stars & Stripes, for a few days, you made all of us feel airborne."

When his turn to speak came, Conner turned the clock back to 1983. "You might remember that I made you a personal promise at that time to do everything I could to bring the cup back home to America where it belongs," said Conner to the president. "So, here it is."

There may be as much unseen underneath Conner's chubbiness as there is under the waterline of his boat, where that mysterious keel lurks for months, troubling Kookaburra III's sleep.

In a sense, Conner is a useful prototype of high-powered U.S. sport in general. To the dismay of some, he has transformed yachting from a sleepy game for rich gentlemen into a nonstop crusade. He dominates the sport, has no intention of leaving until somebody beats him. Now, 12-meter racing has gone the way of the pole vault and the 400-meter individual medley, gymnastics and tennis, big-time college football and Indy 500 racing. If you want to compete at the top, it's simple—pay the price, make the sacrifice, become obsessed. It's become the American way in sports.

The dilemma Conner has faced, both in losing the cup to a technologically superior foe and then committing himself utterly to winning it back, is hardly a simple one.

But how much is a faster boat, a better-made car or a higher standard of living really worth? As a nation, perhaps we resemble Conner a bit as we try to balance prize against prize.



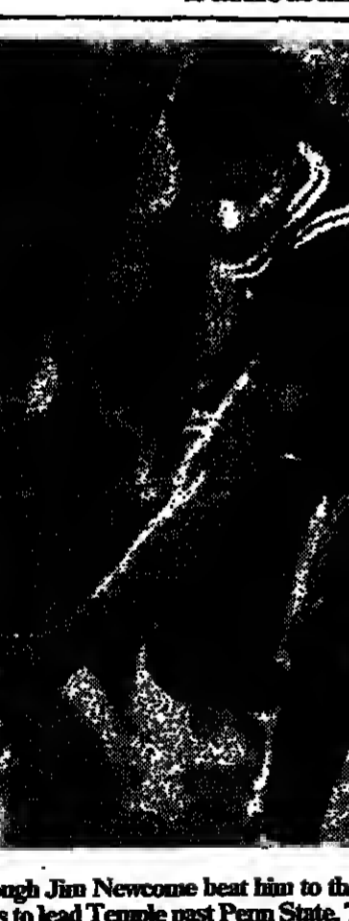
Dennis Conner, left, and President Ronald Reagan, holding a cup that has become a symbol.

SCOREBOARD

NBA Leaders

Table with columns for Player Name, Team, Points, Rebounds, Assists, Steals, Blocks, and Minutes Played.

Basketball



Although Jim Newcome beat him to the ball on this play, Nate Blackwell scored a team-high 21 points to lead Temple past Penn State, 73-70 in overtime, Monday night. Temple's record is 24-2.

Selected U.S. College Results

Table listing college basketball results with columns for Team, Score, and Location.

U.S. College Top-20 Rankings

Table listing top 20 college basketball teams with columns for Rank, Team Name, and Record.

Transition

BASEBALL: American League NEW YORK—Stanford Bradford Armbrust, pitcher and Mitch Lyden, catcher, in one-year contracts.

Hockey

BASEBALL: National League PITTSBURGH—Gerrit Cole, pitcher, in a one-year contract.

Lowly NBA Kings Fire Coach Johnson

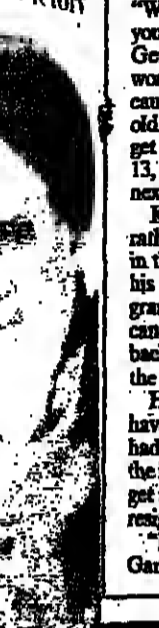
SACRAMENTO, California (UPI) — The Sacramento Kings, in last place in the Midwest Division of the National Basketball Association, fired Coach Phil Johnson late Monday and replaced him with one of his assistants, Jerry Reynolds.

Baseball Ruling Favors Players' Union

NEW YORK (AP) — George Nicolau, baseball's impartial arbitrator ruled Monday that major-league teams that failed to sign their free agents by the Jan. 8 deadline cannot negotiate with those players before May 1, the earliest date those players may rejoin their former teams.

Elliott Sets Daytona Qualifying Record

DAYTONA BEACH, Florida (AP) — Bill Elliott shattered the Daytona International Speedway qualifying record and won the pole position for Sunday's Daytona 500 with a lap averaging 210.364 mph (338.538 kph) on Monday. That buried his own qualifying record here of 205.



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POSTCARD

Year of the Cynical Toy

By Barr Bull
NEW YORK — It's only appropriate and even so-called that the little darlings from "Children's Express" will ask the first official question to be entertained at the opening press conference of the 1987 American International Toy Fair, "Children's Express" is that TV show where kids hold microphones in front of a video camera and ask questions just as dopy as real reporters' questions, and little Albert Lin stands right up and asks, "What's the current trend in war toys?"

A Biographer in Search of the Kennedys

By Charles Truheart
CONCORD, Massachusetts — Doris Kearns Goodwin knew that "The Fitzgeralds and the Kennedys" was just published by Simon and Schuster — was certain to hurl her into the limelight again. "There are two groups out there," she said, "the passionate lovers of the Kennedys and the haters of the Kennedys" — and any Kennedy family portrait is bound to make one group mad.



Doris Kearns Goodwin: After Johnson, the Kennedys.

More than the Rose Kennedy help Goodwin to document and describe his marital infidelity, his murky business dealings, his obsessive and often ruthless political ambition — for himself first, and later for his sons.

PEOPLE

The New Order Arrives At The New Yorker

William Shawn arrived first at The New Yorker offices in New York Monday at his traditional hour, 11:30 A.M., and in his traditional gear, a dark suit and tie. His successor, Robert Gottlieb, dressed for his first day on the job in white sneakers, corduroy pants, a blue visored cap and beige parka and carrying a canvas tote bag, followed about 40 minutes later. His plans, he said before hurriedly boarding the elevator, were "to get to work." For this week, scheduled to be spent in what a spokeswoman called "a series of working sessions," both men have the title of editor. After Friday, the 79-year-old Shawn will retire. Also after Friday, Jonathan Schell, a staff writer who recently marked his 20th anniversary with the magazine, will leave for Harvard's Institute of Politics. Schell came in to work at 7:30 Monday to draft a statement deploring the "shameful, brutal summary dismissal" of Shawn and objecting to Gottlieb's appointment over the staff's opposition.

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TODAY ON PAGE 14

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